

volatility食用方法

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Volatility是开源的Windows, Linux, MaC, Android的内存取证分析工具，由python编写成，命令行操作，支持各种操作系统。

项目地址：

<https://www.volatilityfoundation.org/releases>

<https://code.google.com/archive/p/volatility/>

<https://github.com/volatilityfoundation/volatility/wiki/Command-Reference#consoles>

插件

<https://github.com/ruokeqx/tool-for-CTF>

安装：

kali–bt5自带此工具

volattity命令格式及常用参数：

```
1 volatility 使用:  
2 - volatility -f <文件名> --profile=<配置文件> <插件> [插件参数]  
3 通过volatility --info获取工具所支持的profile, Address Spaces, Scanner Checks,  
Plugins  
4  
5 常用插件:  
6 imageinfo: 显示目标镜像的摘要信息, 知道镜像的操作系统后, 就可以在 -profile 中带上对应  
的操作系统  
7 pslist: 该插件列举出系统进程, 但它不能检测到隐藏或者解链的进程, psscan可以  
8 psscan: 可以找到先前已终止(不活动)的进程以及被rootkit隐藏或解链的进程  
9 pstree: 以树的形式查看进程列表, 和pslist一样, 也无法检测隐藏或解链的进程  
10 mendump: 提取出指定进程, 常用foremost 来分离里面的文件  
11 filescan: 扫描所有的文件列表  
12 hashdump: 查看当前操作系统中的 password hash, 例如 Windows 的 SAM 文件内容  
13 svcscan: 扫描 Windows 的服务  
14 connscan: 查看网络连接
```

参数大全 (google翻译)

```
1 Supported Plugin Commands:  
2  
3 amcache Print AmCache information //打印AmCache信息  
4 apihooks Detect API hooks in process and kernel memory //检测进程  
和内核内存中的API挂钩  
5 atoms Print session and window station atom tables //打印会话  
和窗口站atom表  
6 atomscan Pool scanner for atom tables //用于atom表的池扫描程序  
7 auditpol Prints out the Audit Policies from HKLM\SECURITY\Policy\PolAdtEv //auditpol从HKLM \ SECURITY \ Policy \ PolAdtEv中打印出审核策略  
8 bigpools Dump the big page pools using BigPagePoolScanner // bigpools使用BigPagePoolScanner转储大页面池  
9 bioskbd Reads the keyboard buffer from Real Mode memory // bioskbd从实模式内存中读取键盘缓冲区  
10 cachedump Dumps cached domain hashes from memory //从内存中  
转储缓存的域哈希  
11 callbacks Print system-wide notification routines //回调打印  
系统范围的通知例程  
12 clipboard Extract the contents of the windows clipboard //剪贴板  
提取Windows剪贴板的内容  
13 cmdline Display process command-line arguments //显示进程  
命令行参数  
14 cmdscan Extract command history by scanning for _COMMAND_HISTORY //通过扫描_COMMAND_HISTORY提取命令历史记录  
Y  
15 connections Print list of open connections [Windows XP and 2003 Only] //列印已开启的连接[只适用于Windowsxp及2003]  
16 connscan Pool scanner for tcp connections //用于tcp连接的池扫描程序  
17 consoles Extract command history by scanning for _CONSOLE_INFORMATION //通过扫描_CONSOLE_INFORMATION提取命令历史记录  
ION  
18 crashinfo Dump crash-dump information //转储崩溃转储信息  
19 deskscan Poolscanner for tagDESKTOP (desktops) //用于tagDESKTOP的  
Poolscanner (桌面)  
20 devicetree Show device tree //显示设备树  
21 dlldump Dump DLLs from a process address space //从进程地址空  
间中转储DLL  
22 dlllist Print list of loaded dlls for each process //打印每个进  
程已加载的dll的列表  
23 driverirp Driver IRP hook detection //驱动程序IRP挂钩检测  
24 drivermodule Associate driver objects to kernel modules //将驱动程  
序对象与内核模块相关联  
25 driverscan Pool scanner for driver objects //池扫描程序中的驱动程序  
对象  
26 dumpcerts Dump RSA private and public SSL keys //转储RSA专用和公  
用SSL密钥  
27 dumpfiles Extract memory mapped and cached files //取内存映射和  
缓存的文件  
28 dumpregistry Dumps registry files out to disk //将注册表文件转储到  
磁盘  
29 editbox Displays information about Edit controls. (Listbox experimental.) //显示有关“编辑”控件的信息。 (实验性的列表框。)  
30 envars Display process environment variables //显示流程环境变  
量  
31 eventhooks Print details on windows event hooks //在Windows事件  
挂钩上打印详细信息  
32
```

```

33 evtlogs          Extract Windows Event Logs (XP/2003 only)    //提取Windows
34 事件日志(仅适用于XP / 2003)
35   filescan        Pool scanner for file objects      //池扫描程序中的文件对象
36   gahti          Dump the USER handle type information    //转储USER句柄类
37   型信息          gditimers        Print installed GDI timers and callb
38   acks           //打印已安装的GDI计时器和回调
39   gdt            Display Global Descriptor Table    //显示全局描述符表
40   getservicesids Get the names of services in the Registry and return Calc
41   ulated SID     //获取注册表中的服务名称，并返回计算出的SID
42   getsids         Print the SIDs owning each process    //打印拥有每个进
43   程的SID
44   handles         Print list of open handles for each process //打印每个进
45   程的打开句柄列表
46   hashdump        Dumps passwords hashes (LM/NTLM) from memory //从内存中
47   转储密码散列(LM/NTLM)
48   hibinfo         Dump hibernation file information //转储休眠文件信息
49   hivedump        Prints out a hive      //打印一个配置单元
50   hivelist         Print list of registry hives. //打印注册表配置单元列表。
51   hivescan        Pool scanner for registry hives //注册表配置单元的池扫描
52   hpakextract     Extract physical memory from an HPAK file //从HPAK文件
53   提取物理内存
54   hpakinfo        Info on an HPAK file //有关HPAK文件的信息
55   idt             Display Interrupt Descriptor Table //显示中断描述符表
56   iehistory       Reconstruct Internet Explorer cache / history //重建Int
57   ernet Explorer缓存/历史记录
58   imagecopy       Copies a physical address space out as a raw DD image
59   //将物理地址空间复制为原始DD图像
60   imageinfo       Identify information for the image //标识图像信息
61   impscan         Scan for calls to imported functions //扫描对导入功能的调
62   用
63   joblinks        Print process job link information //打印过程作业链接信
64   息
65   kdbgscan        Search for and dump potential KDBG values //搜索并转储
66   潜在的KDBG值
67   kpcrscan        Search for and dump potential KPCR values //搜索和转储
68   潜在的KPCR值
69   ldrmodules      Detect unlinked DLLs //检测链接dll
70   lsadump         Dump (decrypted) LSA secrets from the registry //从
71   注册表转储(解密的)LSA机密
72   machoinfo       Dump Mach-O file format information //转储Mach-O文件格
73   式信息
74   malfind         Find hidden and injected code //找到隐藏的和注入的代码
75   mbrparser       Scans for and parses potential Master Boot Records (MBR
76   s) //扫描和解析潜在主引导记录(mbr)
77   memdump         Dump the addressable memory for a process //转储进程的
78   可寻址内存
79   memmap          Print the memory map //打印内存映射
80   messagehooks    List desktop and thread window message hooks //列出桌面
81   和线程窗口消息挂钩
82   mftparser       Scans for and parses potential MFT entries //扫描和解
83   析潜在的MFT条目
84   moddump         Dump a kernel driver to an executable file sample //将内核驱动程序转储到可执行文件示例
85   modscan         Pool scanner for kernel modules //内核模块的池扫描程序
86   modules         Print list of loaded modules //打印加载模块的列表
87   multiscan       Scan for various objects at once //一次扫描各种物体

```

```
69 mutantscan      Pool scanner for mutex objects          //池扫描互斥对象
notepad          List currently displayed notepad text    //列表当前显示的记事
70 本文本
71 objtypescan     Scan for Windows object type objects   //扫描Windows对象
72 类型的对象
73 patcher         Patches memory based on page scans     //基于页面扫描的内存
74 补丁
75 poolpeek        Configurable pool scanner plugin       //可配置的池扫描器插件
76 printkey        Print a registry key, and its subkeys and values //打印注册表项及其子项和值
77 privs           Display process privileges            //显示过程的特权
78 procdump        Dump a process to an executable file sample //将进程转
79 储到可执行文件示例
80 pslist          Print all running processes by following the EPROCESS lis
81 ts              //按照EPROCESS列表打印所有正在运行的进程
82 psscan          Pool scanner for process objects       //进程对象的池扫描程序
83 pstree          Print process list as a tree          //以树的形式打印过程列表
84 psxview         Find hidden processes with various process listings
85 //使用各种进程列表查找隐藏的进程
86 qemuinfo        Dump Qemu information             //转储Qemu信息
87 raw2dmp          Converts a physical memory sample to a windbg crash dum
88 p               //将物理内存示例转换为windbg崩溃转储
89 screenshot       Save a pseudo-screenshot based on GDI windows      //保存一
90 个基于GDI窗口的伪截图
91 servicediff     List Windows services (ala Plugx)      //列出Windows服务(al
92 a Plugx)
93 sessions        List details on _MM_SESSION_SPACE (user logon sessions)
94 //列出关于_MM_SESSION_SPACE(用户登录会话)的详细信息
95 shellbags        Prints ShellBags info             //打印ShellBags信息
96 shimcache        Parses the Application Compatibility Shim Cache registry
97 key              //解析应用程序兼容性垫片缓存注册表项
98 shutdowntime     Print ShutdownTime of machine from registry //从注册表
99 打印停机时间的机器
100 sockets         Print list of open sockets          //打印打开的套接字列表
101 sockscan        Pool scanner for tcp socket objects //用于tcp套接字对象
102 的池扫描程序
103 ssdt             Display SSDT entries            //SSDT条目显示
104 strings          Match physical offsets to virtual addresses (may take a w
105 hile, VERY verbose) //将物理偏移量匹配到虚拟地址(可能需要一段时间, 非常冗长)
106 svcscan          Scan for Windows services        //扫描Windows服务
107 symlinkscan     Pool scanner for symlink objects   //符号链接对象的池扫描
108 程序
109 thrdscan        Pool scanner for thread objects   //线程对象的池扫描程序
110 threads          Investigate _ETHREAD and _KTHREADS
111 timeliner        Creates a timeline from various artifacts in memory
112 //从内存中的各种工件创建时间线
113 timers           Print kernel timers and associated module DPCs      //打
114 印内核计时器和相关模块DPCs
115 truecryptmaster  Recover TrueCrypt 7.1a Master Keys //恢复TrueCrypt 7
116 .1a主密钥
117 truecryptpassphrase TrueCrypt Cached Passphrase Finder //TrueCry
118 pt缓存了密码短语查找器
119 truecryptsummary TrueCrypt Summary //TrueCrypt总结
120 unloadedmodules Print list of unloaded modules      //打印已卸载模块列表
121 userassist        Print userassist registry keys and information //打
122 印userassist注册表项和信息
123 userhandles      Dump the USER handle tables      //转储用户句柄表
```

```
105 vaddump           Dumps out the vad sections to a file      //将vad节转储到一个文件中
106 vadinfo          Dump the VAD info       //转储VAD信息
107 vadtree          Walk the VAD tree and display in tree format      //遍历VAD树并以树格式显示
108 vadwalk          Walk the VAD tree      //走在树下
109 vboxinfo          Dump virtualbox information    //转储virtualbox信息
110 verinfo           Prints out the version information from PE images   //
从PE图像打印出版本信息
111 vmwareinfo        Dump VMware VMSS/VMSN information      //转储VMware VMS S/VMSN信息
112 volshell          Shell in the memory image     //贝壳在记忆中的形象
113 windows           Print Desktop Windows (verbose details)    //打印桌面窗口
114 wintree            Print Z-Order Desktop Windows Tree      //打印z顺序桌面Windows树
115 wndscan           Pool scanner for window stations    //池扫描窗口站
116 yarascan          Scan process or kernel memory with Yara signatures //用Yara签名扫描进程或内核内存
```

Linux

1	linux_apihooks	- 检查用户名apihooks
2	linux_arp	- 打印ARP表
3	linux_aslr_shift	- 自动检测Linux aslr改变
4	linux_banner	- 打印Linux Banner信息
5	linux_bash	- 从bash进程内存中恢复bash历史记录
6	linux_bash_env	- 恢复一个进程的动态环境变量
7	linux_bash_hash	- 从bash进程内存中恢复bash哈希表
8	linux_check_afinfo	- 验证网络协议的操作函数指针
9	linux_check_creds	- 检查是否有任何进程正在共享凭证结构
10	linux_check_evt_arm	- 检查异常向量表以查找系统调用表钩子
11	linux_check_fop	- 检查rootkit修改的文件操作结构
12	linux_check_idt	- 检查IDT是否被更改
13	linux_check_inline_kernel	- 检查内联内核挂钩
14	linux_check_modules	- 将模块列表与sysfs信息进行比较
15	linux_check_syscall	- 检查系统调用表是否已被更改
16	linux_check_tty	- 检查tty的钩子
17	linux_cpuidle	- 打印有关每个活动处理器的信息
18	linux_dentry_cache	- 从dentry缓存收集文件
19	linux_dmesg	- 收集dmesg buffer
20	linux_dump_map	- 将选定的内存映射写入到磁盘
21	linux_dynamic_env	- 恢复进程的动态环境变量
22	linux_elfs	- 在进程映射中找ELF二进制文件
23	linux_enumerate_files	- 列出文件系统缓存引用的文件
24	linux_find_file	- 列出并从内存中恢复文件
25	linux_getcwd	- 列出每个进程的当前工作目录
26	linux_hidden_modules	- Carves内存寻找隐藏的内核模块
27	linux_ifconfig	- 收集活动接口
28	linux_info_regs	- GDB中的“info寄存器”。它打印出所有的输出
29	linux_iomem	- 提供与/proc/iomem相似的输出
30	linux_kernel_opened_files	- 列出从内核中打开的文件
31	linux_keyboard_notifiers	- 解析键盘通知调用链
32	linux_ldrmodules	- 将proc映射的输出与libdl中的库列表进行比较
33	linux_library_list	- 将库加载到一个进程中
34	linux_librarydump	- 将进程内存中的共享库转储到磁盘
35	linux_list_raw	- 列出应用程序与混杂的套接字
36	linux_lsmod	- 收集加载内核模块
37	linux_lsof	- 列出文件描述符及其路径
38	linux_malfind	- 查找可疑的过程映射
39	linux_memmap	- 转储用于linux任务的内存映射
40	linux_moddump	- 提取加载内核模块
41	linux_mount	- 收集挂载的fs/devices
42	linux_mount_cache	- 收集从kmem_cache安装的fs/设备。
43	linux_netfilter	- 列出Netfilter钩子
44	linux_netscan	- 刻画网络连接结构
45	linux_netstat	- 列表打开的套接字
46	linux_pid hashtable	- 通过PID哈希表枚举进程
47	linux_pkt_queues	- 将每个进程的数据包队列写入磁盘
48	linux_plthook	- 扫描ELF二进制文件' PLT hooks
49	linux_proc_maps	- 收集进程内存映射
50	linux_proc_maps_rb	- 通过映射红黑树收集linux的进程映射
51	linux_procdump	- 将进程的可执行映像转储到磁盘
52	linux_process_hollow	- 检查是否有进程被挖空的迹象
53	linux_psaux	- 收集进程和完整的命令行和开始时间
54	linux_psenv	- 收集进程及其静态环境变量
55	linux_pslist	- 收集活动任务通过task_struct->task list
56	linux_pslist_cache	- 从kmem_cache中收集计划任务

58	linux_psscan	- 扫描进程的物理内存
59	linux_pstree	- 显示进程之间的父/子关系
60	linux_psxview	- 查找隐藏进程与各种各样的进程列表
61	linux_recover_filesystem	- 从内存中恢复整个缓存的文件系统
62	linux_route_cache	- 从内存中恢复路由缓存
63	linux_sk_buff_cache	- 从sk_buff kmem_cache中恢复数据包
64	linux_slabinfo	- 在一台正在运行的机器上模拟/proc/slabinfo。
65	linux_strings 细)	- 将物理偏移量匹配到虚拟地址(可能需要一段时间, 非常详
66	linux_threads	- 打印进程的线程
67	linux_tmpfs	- 从内存中恢复tmpfs文件系统。
68	linux_truecrypt_passphrase	- 恢复缓存Truecrypt口令
69	linux_vma_cache	- 从vm_area_struct 缓存中收集VMAs
70	linux_volshell	- 内存映像中的shell
	linux_yarascan	- Linux内存映像中的一个shell

一. 常见windows工具进程名

- 1 TrueCrypt.exe 磁盘加密工具
- 2 notepad.exe 自带记事本
- 3 mspaint.exe 自带画图工具
- 4 iexplore.exe IE浏览器
- 5 DumpIt.exe 内存镜像提取工具

二. 识别内存文件信息

```
1 $ volatility -f mem.dump imageinfo
```

```
root@kali-linux-wp:/home/dump# volatility -f mem.dump imageinfo
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6
INFO    : volatility.debug      : Determining profile based on KDBG search...
Suggested Profile(s) : Win7SP1x64, Win7SP0x64, Win2008R2SP0x64, Win2008R2SP1x64_24000, W
in2008R2SP1x64_23418, Win2008R2SP1x64, Win7SP1x64_24000, Win7SP1x64_23418
          AS Layer1 : WindowsAMD64PagedMemory (Kernel AS)
          AS Layer2 : FileAddressSpace (/home/dump/mem.dump)
          PAE type : No PAE
          DTB : 0x187000L
          KDBG : 0xf80003e02110L
Number of Processors : 1
Image Type (Service Pack) : 1
          KPCR for CPU 0 : 0xfffff80003e03d00L
          KUSER_SHARED_DATA : 0xfffff78000000000L
Image date and time : 2019-11-13 08:39:44 UTC+0000
Image local date and time : 2019-11-13 16:39:44 +0800
root@kali-linux-wp:/home/dump#
```

https://blog.csdn.net/qq_38626043

三. 进程信息

查看进程信息

熟悉常见进程，查看启动时间，大小等信息

```
1 $ volatility -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 pslist
```

Offset(V)	Name	PID	PPID	Thds	Hnds	Sess	Wow64	Start	Exit
0xfffffa8000ccc1b10	System	4	0	88	534	-----	0	2019-11-13 08:31:48 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e2fbb10	smss.exe	252	4	2	29	-----	0	2019-11-13 08:31:48 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e2227e0	csrss.exe	344	328	9	400	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:49 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e3f340	wininit.exe	396	328	3	79	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:49 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e3f77d0	csrss.exe	404	388	10	225	1	0	2019-11-13 08:31:49 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e41fb10	winlogon.exe	444	388	3	111	1	0	2019-11-13 08:31:49 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e457060	services.exe	500	396	8	210	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:49 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e426b10	lsass.exe	508	396	6	554	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:49 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e464060	lsm.exe	516	396	9	145	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:49 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e4f8b10	svchost.exe	608	500	10	351	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:50 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e52bb10	svchost.exe	684	500	8	273	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:50 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e570b10	svchost.exe	768	500	21	443	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:50 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e5b5b10	svchost.exe	816	500	16	381	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:50 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e5d7870	svchost.exe	860	500	18	666	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:50 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e5f8b10	svchost.exe	888	500	37	919	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:50 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e66c870	svchost.exe	1016	500	5	114	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:50 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e74fb10	svchost.exe	1032	500	15	364	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:51 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e510320	spoolsv.exe	1156	500	13	273	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:51 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e5b0060	svchost.exe	1184	500	11	194	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:51 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e56e060	svchost.exe	1276	500	10	155	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:52 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e685060	svchost.exe	1308	500	12	228	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:52 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e632060	svchost.exe	1380	500	4	167	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:52 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e692060	VGAuthService.	1480	500	4	94	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:52 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e7dab10	vmtoolsd.exe	1592	500	11	287	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:52 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e8a7720	svchost.exe	1824	500	6	92	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:53 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e898300	WmiPrvSE.exe	1980	608	10	203	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:53 UTC+0000	
0xfffffa800e8e9b10	dllhost.exe	2044	500	15	197	0	0	2019-11-13 08:31:53 UTC+0000	

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四. cmd历史命令

通过扫描_COMMAND_HISTORY提取命令历史记录

```
1 $ volatility -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 cmdscan
```

```

root@kali-linux-wp:/home/dump# volatility -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 cmdscan
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6
*****
CommandProcess: conhost.exe Pid: 2632
CommandHistory: 0x242350 Application: cmd.exe Flags: Allocated, Reset
CommandCount: 1 LastAdded: 0 LastDisplayed: 0
FirstCommand: 0 CommandCountMax: 50
ProcessHandle: 0x60
Cmd #0 @ 0x2229d0: flag.ccx_password_is_same_with_Administrator
*****
CommandProcess: conhost.exe Pid: 2748
CommandHistory: 0x2926d0 Application: DumpIt.exe Flags: Allocated
CommandCount: 0 LastAdded: -1 LastDisplayed: -1
FirstCommand: 0 CommandCountMax: 50
ProcessHandle: 0x60
root@kali-linux-wp:/home/dump#

```

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五. 文件

5.1 搜索地址池里的文件 filescan

```
1 $ volatility -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 filescan | grep flag.cc
```

```

root@kali-linux-wp:/home/dump# volatility -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 filescan | grep flag.cc
x
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6
0x000000003e435890      15      0 R--rw- \Device\HarddiskVolume2\Users\Administrator\Desktop\flag.ccx
root@kali-linux-wp:/home/dump#

```

5.2 扫描桌面文件

```
1 $ volatility -f attachment.vmem --profile=Win7SP1x64 filescan | grep "Deskt
op"
```

```

root@kali-linux-wp:/home/13# volatility -f attachment.vmem --profile=Win7SP1x64 filescan | grep "Desktop"
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6
0x000000007e56c680      2      1 R--rw \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Users\Public\Desktop
0x000000007e5c73d0      2      1 R--rw \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Users\PC\Desktop
0x000000007e5c8070      2      1 R--rw \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Users\Public\Desktop
0x000000007e5cb440      2      1 R--rw \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Users\PC\Desktop
0x000000007e5d7960     16      0 R--rw \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Users\PC\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Accessories\Desktop.ini
0x000000007e5da790     16      0 R--rw \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Users\PC\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Accessories\System Tools\Desktop.
ini
0x000000007e5db070     16      0 R--rw \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Users\PC\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Maintenance\Desktop.ini
0x000000007e5dcac0     16      0 R--rw \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Users\PC\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Accessories\Accessibility\Desktop.
ini
0x000000007e5dc110     16      0 R--rw \Device\HarddiskVolume1\ProgramData\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Accessories\Accessibility\Desktop.ini
0x000000007e5de900     16      0 R--rw \Device\HarddiskVolume1\ProgramData\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Accessories\Desktop.ini
0x000000007e5e0a40     16      0 R--rw \Device\HarddiskVolume1\ProgramData\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Maintenance\Desktop.ini
0x000000007e5e1200     16      0 R--rw \Device\HarddiskVolume1\ProgramData\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Accessories\Tablet PC\Desktop.ini
0x000000007e5e2a40     16      0 R--rw \Device\HarddiskVolume1\ProgramData\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Accessories\System Tools\Desktop.ini
0x000000007e708dd0     16      0 R--rw \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Users\Public\Desktop\desktop.ini
0x000000007eaef20      2      0 R--rw \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Users\PC\Desktop\desktop.ini
root@kali-linux-wp:/home/13#

```

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5.3 查找图片

```
1 $ volatility -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 filescan | grep -E 'jpg|png|jpeg|bmp|gif'
```

六. 注册表

输出SAM\Domains\Account\Users\Names注册表子项目

```
1 $ volatility -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 printkey -K "SAM\Domains\Account\Users\Names"
```

```
root@kali-linux-wp:/home/dump# volatility -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 printkey -K "SAM\Domains\Account\Users\Names"
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6
Legend: (S) = Stable   (V) = Volatile

-----
Registry: \SystemRoot\System32\Config\SAM
Key name: Names (S)
Last updated: 2019-10-15 02:56:47 UTC+0000

Subkeys:
(S) Administrator
(S) Guest

Values:
REG_NONE      : (S)

root@kali-linux-wp:/home/dump#
```

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6.2 获取指定地址sha内容

```
1 $ volatility -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 hashdump -y 0xfffff8a00
```

```
root@kali-linux-wp:/home/dump# volatility -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 hashdump -y 0xfffff8a00
0024010 -s 0xfffff8a001590010
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6
Administrator:500:6377a2fdb0151e35b75e6c8d76954a50:0d546438b1f4c396753b4fc8c8565d5b:::
Guest:501:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cf0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::
root@kali-linux-wp:/home/dump#
```

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6.3 打印HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE \ Microsoft \ Security Center \ Svc密钥

```
1 $ volatility -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 printkey -K "Microsoft\Security Center\Svc"
```

```
root@kali-linux-wp:/home/dump# volatility -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 printkey -K "Microsoft\Security Center\Svc"
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6
Legend: (S) = Stable   (V) = Volatile

-----
Registry: \SystemRoot\System32\Config\SOFTWARE
Key name: Svc (S)
Last updated: 2016-09-21 12:15:34 UTC+0000

Subkeys:

Values:
REG_QWORD    VistaSp1      : (S) 128920218544262440
REG_DWORD    AntiVirusOverride : (S) 0
REG_DWORD    AntiSpywareOverride : (S) 0
REG_DWORD    FirewallOverride : (S) 0
root@kali-linux-wp:/home/dump#
```

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6.3 注册表解析

```
1 $ volatility -f name --profile=Win7SP1x64 hivelist
```

七. 密码

7.1 输出Lsa解码信息

<http://moyix.blogspot.com/2008/02/decrypting-lsa-secrets.html>

```
1 $ volatility -f attachment.vmem --profile=Win7SP1x64 lsadump
```

MACHINE.ACC: 域身份验证*Microsoft*。*DefaultPassword*: 启用自动登录后用于登录*Windows*的密钥。*KM*: 用于加密缓存的域密码的密钥解密LSA密钥。
*L RTMTIMEBOMB_**: 时间戳记提供未激活的*Windows*副本停止工作的日期。*L HYDRAENCKEY_**: 用于远程桌面协议 (RDP) 的私钥。如果您还从受RDP攻击的系统中捕获了数据包，则可以从数据包捕获中提取客户端的公钥，并从内存中提取服务器的私钥。然后解密流量。

```
root@kali-linux-wp:/home/dump# volatility -f /home/13/attachment.vmem --profile=Win7SP1x64 lsadump
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6
DefaultPassword
0x00000000 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0x00000010 54 00 68 00 69 00 73 00 69 00 73 00 6e 00 6f 00
0x00000020 74 00 74 00 68 00 65 00 66 00 6c 00 61 00 67 00
0x00000030 fe 80 78 69 0a 7b fd 6b 50 eb 87 4d da ff d8 27 .. . . . . . .
T. h. i. s. i. s. n. o.
t. t. h. e. f. l. a. g.
.. x. i. [. kP.. M.. .

DPAPI_SYSTEM
0x00000000 2c 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 , . . . . . .
0x00000010 01 00 00 00 ae d1 21 d4 9f e3 2b 26 0b bc 0d 96 . . . . !. ~. +&...
0x00000020 b1 76 3f fb c5 ed a0 d7 7e a9 ab c1 d9 95 be ed . v?..... .
0x00000030 0c 39 81 30 0c d0 5a a3 17 11 3b c3 00 00 00 00 . 9. 0.. Z... ;....
```

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7.2 最后登录用户

```
1 volatility -f 1.raw --profile=Win7SP1x86 printkey -K "SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon"
```

```
root@DESKTOP-A5F444N:/home/tmp # Subkeys: Values: REG_SZ ExcludeProfileDirs : (S) AppData\Local;AppData\LocalLow;$Recycle.Bin REG_DWORD BuildNumber : (S) 7601 REG_DWORD FirstLogon : (S) 0 REG_SZ ParseAutoexec : (S) 1 REG_DWORD AutoRestartShell : (S) 1 Registry: \SystemRoot\System32\Config\SOFTWARE Key name: Winlogon (S) Last updated: 2012-06-26 13:06:43 UTC+0000 Subkeys: Values: REG_DWORD AutoRestartShell : (S) 1 Registry: \??\C:\Windows\ServiceProfiles\NetworkService\NTUSER.DAT Key name: Winlogon (S) Last updated: 2009-07-14 04:45:47 UTC+0000 Subkeys: Values: REG_SZ ExcludeProfileDirs : (S) AppData\Local;AppData\LocalLow;$Recycle.Bin
```

(root@DESKTOP-A5F444N)-[/home/tmp] #

CSDN @_abcdef

7.3 通过SAM提取密码

```
1 volatility_2.5_linux_x64 -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 hivelist
```

```
root@DESKTOP-A5F444N:/home/tmp # Registry: \??\C:\Windows\ServiceProfiles\NetworkService\NTUSER.DAT Key name: Winlogon (S) Last updated: 2009-07-14 04:45:47 UTC+0000 Subkeys: Values: REG_SZ ExcludeProfileDirs : (S) AppData\Local;AppData\LocalLow;$Recycle.Bin (root@DESKTOP-A5F444N)-[/home/tmp] # volatility_2.5_linux_x64 -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 hivelist Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.5 Virtual Physical Name ----- 0xfffffff8a001cfd010 0x0000000039828810 \??\C:\Users\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\UsrClass.dat 0xfffffff8a002fa010 0x0000000013a3f010 \??\C:\System Volume Information\Syscache.hve 0xfffffff8a00000f010 0x0000000023385010 [no name] 0xfffffff8a00024010 0x0000000023510010 \REGISTRY\MACHINE\SYSTEM 0xfffffff8a000064010 0x0000000023552010 \REGISTRY\MACHINE\HARDWARE 0xfffffff8a0000e7410 0x0000000011bc410 \??\C:\Windows\ServiceProfiles\NetworkService\NTUSER.DAT 0xfffffff8a00100360 0x0000000015346360 \SystemRoot\System32\Config\SECURITY 0xfffffff8a0003f4410 0x000000001527d410 \SystemRoot\System32\Config\DEFAULT 0xfffffff8a0007ae010 0x000000001d867810 \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Boot\BCD 0xfffffff8a0012d010 0x000000001c938910 \SystemRoot\System32\Config\SOFTWARE 0xfffffff8a001590010 0x000000001151a3010 \SystemRoot\System32\Config\SAM 0xfffffff8a0015ca010 0x00000000111a3010 \??\C:\Windows\ServiceProfiles\LocalService\NTUSER.DAT 0xfffffff8a001c34010 0x0000000039803010 \??\C:\Users\Administrator\ntuser.dat
```

(root@DESKTOP-A5F444N)-[/home/tmp] #

CSDN @_abcdef

```
1 volatility_2.5_linux_x64 -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 hashdump -y (system virtual) -s (sam virtual)
```

```

root@DESKTOP-A5F444N:/home/tmp ~ + 
└─(root💀DESKTOP-A5F444N)─[~/home/tmp]
# volatility_2.5_linux_x64 -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 hivelist
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.5
Virtual Physical Name
-----
0xfffff8a001cf010 0x0000000039828010 \??\c:\Users\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\UsrClass.dat
0xfffff8a002fa2010 0x0000000013a3f010 \??\C:\System Volume Information\Syscache.hve
0xfffff8a0000f010 0x0000000023385010 [no name]
0xfffff8a000024010 0x0000000023510010 \REGISTRY\MACHINE\SYSTEM
0xfffff8a000064010 0x0000000023552010 \REGISTRY\MACHINE\HARDWARE
0xfffff8a0000e7410 0x0000000011bc410 \??\c:\Windows\ServiceProfiles\NetworkService\NTUSER.DAT
0xfffff8a000100360 0x0000000015346360 \SystemRoot\System32\Config\SECURITY
0xfffff8a0003f4410 0x000000001527d410 \SystemRoot\System32\Config\DEFAULT
0xfffff8a0007ae010 0x000000001d867010 \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Boot\BCD
0xfffff8a0012d0010 0x000000001c938010 \SystemRoot\System32\Config\SOFTWARE
0xfffff8a001590010 0x000000001151a010 \SystemRoot\System32\Config\SAM
0xfffff8a0015ca010 0x00000000111a3010 \??\c:\Windows\ServiceProfiles\LocalService\NTUSER.DAT
0xfffff8a001c34010 0x0000000039803010 \??\c:\Users\Administrator\ntuser.dat

└─(root💀DESKTOP-A5F444N)─[~/home/tmp]
# volatility_2.5_linux_x64 -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 hashdump -y 0xfffff8a000024010 -s ^C
                                         system          sam
└─(root💀DESKTOP-A5F444N)─[~/home/tmp]
# volatility_2.5_linux_x64 -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 hashdump -y 0xfffff8a000024010 -s 0xfffff8a001590010
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.5
Administrator:500:6377a2fdb0151e35b75e0c8d76954a50:0d546438b1f4c396753b4fc8c8565d5b:::
Guest:501:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c6:::

root@DESKTOP-A5F444N:/home/tmp # CSDN @_abcdef

```

八. 系统

8.1 扫描系统信息

个人觉得不太准确

```
1 $ volatility -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 verinfo
```

```

root@kali-linux-wp:/home/dump# volatility -f mem.dump --profile=Win7SP1x64 verinfo
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6
\SystemRoot\System32\smss.exe
C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\ntdll.dll
C:\Windows\system32\csrss.exe
  File version : 6.1.7600.16385
  Product version : 6.1.7600.16385
  Flags :
    OS           : Windows NT
    File Type    : Application
    File Date   :
    CompanyName : Microsoft Corporation
    FileDescription : Client Server Runtime Process
   FileVersion : 6.1.7600.16385 (win7_rtm.090713-1255)
    InternalName : CSRSS.Exe
    LegalCopyright : \xa9 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
    OriginalFilename : CSRSS.Exe
    ProductName : Microsoft\xae Windows\xae Operating System
    ProductVersion : 6.1.7600.16385
C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\ntdll.dll
C:\Windows\system32\CSRSRV.dll
C:\Windows\system32\basesrv.DLL
C:\Windows\system32\winsrv.DLL
https://blog.csdn.net/qq_38626043

```

8.2 启动项

```
1 volatility -f gs02.raw --profile=Win2003SP1x86 printkey -K "Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run"
```

```
[root@DESKTOP-A5F444N-/home/tmp]
# volatility -f gs02.raw --profile=Win2003SP1x86 printkey -K "Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run"
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.5
Legend: (S) = Stable   (V) = Volatile

-----
Registry: \Device\HarddiskVolume1\WINDOWS\system32\config\software
Key name: Run (S)
Last updated: 2021-04-27 22:20:31 UTC+0000

Subkeys:

Values:
REG_SZ      IMJPMIG8.1      : (S) "C:\WINDOWS\IME\imjp8_1\IMJPMIG.EXE" /Spoil /RemAdvDef /Migration3
2
REG_SZ      IMEKRMIG6.1     : (S) C:\WINDOWS\ime\imkr6_1\IMEKRMIG.EXE
REG_SZ      PHIME2002ASync  : (S) C:\WINDOWS\system32\IME\TINTLGN\TINTSETP.EXE /SYNC
REG_SZ      PHIME2002A     : (S) C:\WINDOWS\system32\IME\TINTLGN\TINTSETP.EXE /IMEName
REG_SZ      VMware User Process : (S) "C:\Program Files\VMware\VMware Tools\vmtoolsd.exe" -n vmusr
REG_EXPAND_SZ UserFaultCheck : (S) %systemroot%\system32\dumprep 0 -u
REG_SZ      test          : (S) c:\tools\test2\test.exe

[root@DESKTOP-A5F444N-/home/tmp]
#
```

CSDN @_abcdef

8.3 隐藏进程注入

```
1 volatility -f gs02.raw --profile=Win2003SP1x86 malfind
```

8.4 查看内核驱动模块

```
1 $ volatility -f 232828.raw --profile=Win7SP1x86 modules
2 $ volatility -f 232828.raw --profile=Win7SP1x86 modscan
3 $ volatility -f 232828.raw --profile=Win7SP1x86 driverscan
```

8.5 userassist信息

userassist键值包含系统或桌面执行文件的信息，如名称、路径、执行次数、最后一次执行时间等。

```
1 $ volatility -f 042003.raw --profile=Win7SP1x86 userassist
```

8.6 网络连接

```
1 $ volatility -f name --profile=WinXPSP2x86 netscan
```

8.7 安全进程

```
1 $ volatility -f name --profile=Win7SP1x64 psscan
```

8.8 服务

svcskan查看

```
1 $ volatility -f name --profile=Win7SP1x86 svscan
```

九. 软件与导出

IE

```
1 $ volatility -f name --profile=WinXPSP2x86 iehistory
```

查看iexplore进程pid

```
root@kali:~/littest/volatility-master# python vol.py -f /root/littest/PC-20170527XAOD-20180410-073551.raw --profile=Win7SP1x86 pslist | grep iexplore
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6
0xa3ac2d28 iexplore.exe      1984 1288    16    385    2      0 2018-04-10 00:29:10 UTC+0000
0x886e7448 iexplore.exe      228   369    25    437    2      0 2018-04-10 00:29:10 UTC+0000
0xa3ab7820 iexplore.exe      3276 1984    20    406    2      0 2018-04-10 00:29:10 UTC+0000
```

提取某个进程

将内存中的某个进程数据以 dmp 的格式保存出来

```
1 $ volatility -f name --profile=WinXPSP2x86 -p [PID] -D [dump 出的文件保存的目录]
```

获取内存中的系统密码

```
1 $ volatility -f name --profile=WinXPSP2x86 hashdump -y (注册表 system 的 virtual 地址) -s (SAM 的 virtual 地址)
2 $ volatility -f name --profile=WinXPSP2x86 hashdump -y 0xe1035b60 -s 0xe16aab60
```

提取某个文件

```
1 $ volatility -f Target.vmem --profile=Win7SP1x64 dumpfiles -Q 0x0000000007fe  
abbc0 -D ./
```

复制、剪切版信息

```
1 $ volatility -f name --profile=Win7SP1x64 clipboard  
2 $ volatility -f name --profile=Win7SP1x64 dlllist -p 3820
```

其它

利用strings 扫描 Flag字符串扫描

```
1 strings -e l 2616.dmp | grep flag
```